1	VILLAGE OF ESTERO, FLORIDA		
2 3			
	ORDINANCE NO. 2019 - 18		
4			
5	AN ORDINANCE OF THE VILLAGE COUNCIL OF THE		
6	VILLAGE OF ESTERO, FLORIDA, AMENDING		
7 8	MOTOR VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC PROVISIONS OF		
8 9	THE CODE PREVIOUSLY ADOPTED BY REFERENCE; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.		
9 10	AND I KOVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.		
11	WHEREAS, the Village of Estero was incorporated by referendum held on November		
12	4, 2014; and		
12	-, 201-, and		
13	WHEREAS, the Charter of the Village of Estero ("Charter") at Section 11, "General		
15	Provisions," paragraph (5) "Transitional Ordinances and Resolutions," provides that all		
16	applicable lawful Lee County ordinances currently in place at the time of passage of the		
17	referendum, unless specifically referenced in the Charter, shall remain in place unless		
18	rescinded by the Village Council or unless they are in conflict with an ordinance, rule or		
19	regulation of the Village; and		
20			
21	WHEREAS, the Village Council has determined that it is in the best interests and		
22	welfare of the Village and its residents to revise certain provisions of the Lee County Code to		
23	specifically apply to the Village.		
24			
25	NOW, THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Village Council of the Village of Estero,		
26	Florida:		
27			
28	Section 1. Lee County Code Sections amended.		
29			
30	The following sections were included in the Code of Laws and Ordinances, of the		
31	Village of Estero, Florida by virtue of their inclusion in the Lee County Code and are hereby		
32	amended as ordinances of the Village of Estero. These amendments are not intended to affect the validity of these provisions as laws of Lee County		
33 34	the validity of these provisions as laws of Lee County.		
35	Lee County Code Chapter 24 Motor Vehicles and Traffic, previously adopted by		
36	reference is amended to read as follows:		
37	reference is unlended to read as follows.		
38	Sec. 24-21. Title.		
39			
40	The provisions set out in sections 24-21 through 24-33 in this division shall be known		
41	as, referred to and cited as the "Lee County Estero Parking Ordinance."		
42			
43			
44			
	Words underlined are additions; Words struck through are deletions.		

45	Sec. 24-2	2. Definitions.
46	-	
47		he following terms shall have the following meanings when used in this division
48	sections 2	24-21 through 24-33:
49	~	
50		ommission: The Board of County Commissioners of Lee County, Florida.
51		ounty: Lee County, a political subdivision of the State of Florida.
52		epartment: The Lee County Department of Transportation and Engineering (DOT &
53	E).	
54		ire lane: The twelve-foot-wide strip of pavement immediately adjacent to the building
55		ness center together with a twelve-foot-wide strip of pavement providing ingress and
56	-	om public roads to the buildings of a business center, which is appropriately marked
57	as a "Fire	ELane."
58		
59	N	IUTCD: The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways.
60		
61		fficer: The law enforcement officer or parking enforcement specialist of the Lee
62		Sheriff's Department designated by the county village as the inspecting authority to
63	enforce p	arking regulations and issue summons.
64		
65		perator: Every individual who shall operate a vehicle as the owner thereof, or as the
66	agent, en	ployee or permittee of the owner, or is in actual physical control of the vehicle.
67		
68		wner: The individual to whom such vehicle is registered with the State Department
69	of Highw	ray Safety and Motor Vehicles.
70		
71		ark or parking or stopping or standing: The standing of a vehicle, whether occupied
72	· 1	oon a street otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of, and while actually engaged
73		ing or discharging passengers or loading or unloading merchandise or in obedience
74		regulations, signs or signals, or an involuntary stopping of the vehicle by reason of
75	causes be	eyond the control of the operator of the vehicle.
76		
77		erson: Any individual, firm, copartnership, association or corporation and shall
78	include th	ne owner and/or operator of the vehicle.
79		
80		afety zone: The area or space officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive
81	1	edestrians and protected or so marked by adequate signs or authorized pavement
82	markings	as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone.
83		
84		treet or roadway (used interchangeably): Any public right-of-way, any public beach
85		blic park located in the unincorporated area of Lee County Estero and established for
86	the use of	f the public for purposes of vehicular traffic.
87		

88 Summons: The ticket citation form used by Lee County Estero, a political subdivision 89 of the State of Florida. 90 91 Vehicle: Any device in, upon or by which any person or property is or may be 92 transported upon a highway, except a device which is operated upon rails or tracks. 93 94 Sec. 24-23. **Application.** 95 96 Application to unincorporated areas. It is hereby provided sections 24-21-(a) 97 through 24-33 this division shall constitute a uniform law applicable in all the unincorporated 98 areas of Lee County Estero, to the extent permitted by the Florida Constitution, Article VIII, 99 Section 12. 100 (b)Gasparilla and Captiva islands. Gasparilla Island Parking Ordinance, Lee 101 County Ordinance Number 86-21, as amended or replaced, and Captiva Island Parking Ordinance, Lee County Ordinance Number 83-35, as amended or replaced, shall remain in full 102 103 force and effect, and shall apply within their respective jurisdictions. 104 105 Sec. 24-24. Administrative procedure. 106 107 Procedure for issuance of summons, amounts and disposition of fines collected for 108 violations may be established by resolution of the county commissioners village council. 109 110 Sec. 24-25. Criteria in issuance of summons. 111 112 Any officer enforcing the provisions of sections 24-21 through 24-33 this division may issue a summons to any person or operator of a vehicle for such nonmoving offense in violation 113 114 of the provisions of these provisions on citations as required by law. and shall consist 115 substantially of the following information: 116 117 "LEE COUNTY SUMMONS For Parking Violation - Ord. No. 118 Officer's Copy Ticket # 119 Day of Week Month Day Year Time 120 Name _____ 121 122 Street ____ City____State ____ Vehicle Make ____Year ____ 123 124 Tag # State _____ 125 Date of 126 Birth Month Day Year Race Sex Height 127 Offense(s) 128 129 130 131 Name of Officer

132 Instruction: You must pay a civil penalty (or forfeit bond) in the amount of \$32.00, or 133 appear in Traffic Court at the Lee County Courthouse at on the day of 19 134 If you elect to pay 135 the penalty, it must be paid before the court date. 136 To 137 138 139 Mailing Address 140 Note: You must enclose your copy of the summons if you mail payment. Payment 141 should be in the form of a money order or cashier's check. PERSONAL CHECKS WILL NOT 142 BE ACCEPTED. Failure to respond to this Summons will result in further court action." 143 144 Sec. 24-26. Nonliability of county Village. 145 146 Nothing in sections 24-21 through 24-33 this division shall be deemed to impose any 147 liability upon the county village or upon any of its officers or employees, nor to relieve the owner and/or operator of such motor vehicle of any private duty [sic] from the duty to keep 148 149 such motor vehicle legally parked. 150 151 Sec. 24-27. Violation, enforcement, penalties. 152 153 It shall be unlawful for any person to violate the provisions of sections 24-21 through 154 24-33 this division. It shall be the duty of any law enforcement official or parking enforcement 155 specialist having jurisdiction in Lee County Estero to enforce the provisions of these sections. 156 Any officer or parking enforcement specialist who discovers a vehicle parked in violation of 157 these sections may: 158 (1)Issue a summons used by the village county for such violation to the driver; (2) If the vehicle is unattended, attach such summons to the vehicle in a 159 160 conspicuous place; 161 (3) In cases of violators illegally parked in parking spaces provided for by governmental agencies, such vehicles may be removed by a law enforcement officer having 162 163 jurisdiction in Lee County Estero to a storage lot, garage or other safe parking space, the cost of such removal and parking shall be a lien against the vehicle, and the law enforcement official 164 165 shall charge the owner and/or operator in charge of the vehicle in violation with a noncriminal 166 traffic infraction. 167 Any person who violates section 24-32, disabled persons parking, shall be (4) punished by a fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00). The fines collected for a violation 168 169 of the disabled persons parking section shall be deposited in a separate Lee County Estero 170 account to be used in accordance with F.S. § 316.008(4), as amended. 171 Any person who violates the provisions of this section, except section 24-32, (5)172 shall be punished by a fine of thirty-two dollars (\$32.00). Any person who fails to satisfy the 173 provisions contained in the Lee County Estero summons for violations of parking contained in this section and elects to appear before a designated official to present evidence shall be 174 175 deemed to have waived his right to the civil penalty provisions of the ticket. The official, after Words underlined are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether a parking violation has been committedand may impose a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) plus court costs.

178 (6) No person shall, without authority, attempt to or in fact alter, deface, injure, 179 knock down or remove any official traffic-control device or sign. Any violation of this 180 provision shall constitute a misdemeanor. In addition, a violation of this provision may be 181 enforced through the county <u>village</u> code enforcement process.

182 183

Sec. 24-28. Exercise of police power.

184

185 <u>Sections 24-21 through 24-33</u> <u>This division shall be deemed and construed to be an</u> 186 exercise of the police power of the <u>village county</u> for the preservation and protection of public 187 safety and all of these provisions shall be liberally construed with a view to the effectuation of 188 such purpose.

- 189
- 190 191

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213

Sec. 24-29. Stopping, standing, parking prohibited in specified places.

Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with law or the directions of a police officer or official traffic-control device, no person or operator shall:

- (1) Stop, stand or park a vehicle on any street as follows:
 - a. On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parking at the edge or curb of a street;
 - b. On a sidewalk;
 - c. Within an intersection;
- d. On a crosswalk;
- e. Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty (30) feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the end of a safety zone, unless the traffic division of the department indicates a different length by posting official signs or installing pavement markings;
 - f. Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing or parking would reduce the number of lanes of moving traffic to less than two (2) lanes (one ten-foot-wide lane of moving traffic in each direction) on streets with two-way traffic flow, or to less than one tenfoot-wide lane of moving traffic on a street with one-way traffic flow;
 - g. Upon any bridge or other elevated structure on a highway or within a highway tunnel;
- h. On any railroad track(s);
 - i. At any place where official signs prohibit stopping;
- 214j.In any area designated as a fire lane, except for the purpose of loading or215unloading handicapped passengers and then only while actually engaged216in the process of loading or unloading such passengers.

(2) No person or operator of a vehicle shall stand or park a vehicle, whether
 occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or discharge a passenger or passengers, on any
 street as follows:

220		a.	In front or within five (5) feet of the end of the driveway radius or edge
221			of a public or private driveway so as to prevent proper ingress or egress;
222		b.	Within fifteen (15) feet of a fire hydrant;
223		c.	Within twenty (20) feet of a crosswalk at an intersection;
224		d.	Within thirty (30) feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, yield sign,
225			stop sign or traffic-control signal located beside or over the intersection
226			of two (2) or more roadway(s);
227		e.	Within twenty (20) feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and
228			on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within
229			seventy-five (75) feet of such entrance when official signs prohibiting
230			such parking, standing or stopping are installed;
231		f.	At any place where official signs prohibit standing;
232		g.	In any lane designated as a fire lane.
233	(3)	No p	person or operator shall park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except
234	temporarily	for th	e purpose of, and while actually engaged in, loading or unloading
235	merchandise	or pass	sengers, on any street as follows:
236		a.	Within fifty (50) feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing unless the
237			department establishes a different distance due to unusual circumstances;
238			or
239		b.	At any place where official signs prohibit parking.
240	(4)	No p	erson shall move a vehicle not lawfully under his control to such prohibited
241	area or away	from a	curb such a distance as is unlawful. Any person who is in violation of this
242	subsection sh	all be	punished as provided for in section 24-27.
243			
244	Sec. 24-30.	Para	Illel and angle parking regulations.
245			
246	(a)		llel parking:
247	(1)		pt as otherwise provided in this section, every vehicle stopped or parked
248	-	•	dway shall be so stopped or parked with the right-hand wheels parallel to
249		·	12) inches of the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway;
250	(2)		y vehicle stopped or parked upon a one-way roadway shall be so stopped
251			o the curb or edge of the roadway, in the direction of authorized traffic
252	,		right-hand wheels within twelve (12) inches of the right-hand curb or edge
253		iy, or i	ts left wheels within twelve (12) inches of the left-hand curb or edge of the
254	roadway.		
255	(b)	-	e parking. Angle parking may be permitted on streets and/or roadways
256		-	nincorporated Lee County; provided, that a proper and documented traffic
257			s performed, either by the <u>public works</u> department of transportation and
258			private consultant, and approved by the <u>public works</u> department <u>or as</u>
259			illage's land development regulations-of transportation and engineering
260	pursuant to th	ie appl	icable Administrative Code.
261			
262			
263			
	V	Words	underlined are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

264 Sec. 24-31. Parking for certain purposes prohibited.

266 It is unlawful for any person to park a motor vehicle, as defined in Florida (a) 267 Statutes, section 320.01, for a continuous period in excess of twenty-four (24) hours, after written notice, upon a public street or highway, upon a public parking lot, or other public 268 269 property, or upon private property where the public has the right to travel by motor vehicle, for 270 the principal purpose and intent of displaying the motor vehicle thereon for sale, hire or rental 271 unless the sale, hire or rental of the motor vehicle is specifically authorized on such property 272 by a county Village regulation and the person is duly licensed as a motor vehicle dealer in 273 accordance with Florida Statute, section 320.27, and the person is in compliance with all 274 county licensing regulations.

(b) The provisions of subsection (a) above do not prohibit a person from parking
his own motor vehicle or his other personal property on any private property which he owns
or leases, or any private property for which he obtains the permission of the owner, for the
principal purpose and intent of sale, hire or rental.

(c) A law enforcement officer may cause to be removed at the owner's expense any
motor vehicle found upon a public street, public parking lot, other public property, or private
property where the public has the right to travel by motor vehicle which is in violation of
subsection (a). Every written notice issued pursuant to this section shall be affixed in a
conspicuous place upon a vehicle by a law enforcement officer.

(d) Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, a violation of
subsection (a) shall subject the owner of the motor vehicle to owing the applicable agency the
fees reasonably incurred by removal and storage of the motor vehicle.

287 288

265

288 Sec. 24-32. Disabled persons parking.289

290 Governmental agencies. It shall be a violation of sections 24-21 through 24-33 (a) 291 this division for any person to park in properly marked handicap parking spaces required 292 provided for by governmental agencies. The county having jurisdiction over street parking 293 and/or publicly owned and operated facilities shall provide a minimum of specially designed 294 and marked motor vehicle parking spaces, in accordance with Florida Statutes, section 295 316.1955, for the exclusive use of those severely physically disabled individuals with 296 permanent mobility problems which substantially impair their ability to ambulate and who 297 have been issued an exemption parking permit pursuant to the provisions of Florida Statutes, 298 section 316.1958 or section 320.0848, or a license plate pursuant to Florida Statutes, sections 299 320.084, 320.0892, 320.0893 or 320.0845.

Each such parking space shall be prominently outlined with pavement markings and
 posted with a permanent sign of a color and design approved by the director, department of
 transportation and engineering, or the designee, bearing the internationally accepted
 wheelchair symbol and the caption "PARKING BY DISABLED PERMIT ONLY."

It is unlawful for any person to stop, stand or park a vehicle within any such specially designated and marked parking space provided in accordance with this section, unless such vehicle displays a parking permit issued pursuant to <u>Chapters 316 or 32</u>0, Florida Statutes, section 316.1958 or section 320.0848, and such vehicle is transporting a person eligible for the

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

parking permit. Whenever a law enforcement officer or a parking enforcement specialist findsa vehicle in violation of this subsection, that officer shall:

310 (1) Have the vehicle in violation removed to any lawful parking space or facility, 311 or require the operator or other person in charge of the vehicle immediately to remove the 312 unauthorized vehicle from the parking space. Whenever a vehicle is removed by a law 313 enforcement officer or parking enforcement specialist to a storage lot, garage or other safe 314 parking space, the cost of such removal and parking shall be a lien against the vehicle.

315 (2) Charge the owner or operator in charge of the vehicle in violation with a 316 noncriminal traffic infraction. Any person who is in violation of this subsection shall be 317 punished as provided for in section 24-27.

318 (b) Nongovernmental agencies. It shall be a violation for any person to park in 319 properly marked handicap spaces as provided for by nongovernmental entities for certain 320 disabled persons. Any commercial real estate property owner offering parking for the general 321 public shall provide specially designed and marked motor vehicle parking spaces for the exclusive use of physically disabled persons who were issued parking permits pursuant to 322 323 Florida Statutes, section 316.1958 or section 320.0848, Florida Statutes, or a license plate 324 pursuant to Florida Statutes, sections 320.084, 320.0842, 320.0843 or 320.0845, Florida 325 Statutes. The minimum number of such parking spaces shall be as provided in Florida Statutes, 326 section 316.1955(2)(c). Each such parking space shall conform to the requirements of Florida 327 Statutes, section 316.1956 and shall be posted and maintained with a permanent sign bearing 328 the internationally accepted wheelchair symbol and the caption "PARKING BY DISABLED 329 PERMIT ONLY." Any person who parks a vehicle in any parking space designated with the 330 internationally accepted wheelchair symbol and the caption "PARKING BY DISABLED 331 PERMIT ONLY" is guilty of a traffic infraction, unless such vehicle displays a parking permit 332 issued pursuant to F.S. § 320.0848, and such vehicle is transporting a person eligible for such 333 parking permit. However, any person who is chauffeuring a disabled person shall be allowed, 334 without need for any identification parking permit, momentary parking in any such parking 335 space for the purpose of loading or unloading a disabled person. No penalty shall be imposed 336 upon the driver for such momentary parking. Any person who is in violation of this subsection 337 shall be punished as provided for in section 24-27.

338 339

Sec. 24-33. Posting of no parking signs.

340

It shall be the responsibility of the public works department to post official no parking
 signs conforming with the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) on streets
 in certain designated areas prohibiting stopping, standing and/or parking in the unincorporated
 areas of Lee County Estero.

345 346 Sec. 24-95. Authority.

347

The provisions of this article are enacted pursuant to the statutory and home rule powers of the county <u>village</u> to establish and enforce business regulations necessary for the protection of the public.

351

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

352 Sec. 24-96. Title.

This article is titled and may be cited as the "<u>Lee County Estero</u> Towing and Immobilization Code Ordinance".

356

353

Sec. 24-97. Applicability.

357 358

359 This article is applicable within the unincorporated areas of Lee County, Florida. The 360 article applies to the towing and storage of vehicles/vessels removed from property without the 361 vehicle/vessel owner's prior consent; the towing of vehicles/vessels from, or the 362 immobilization of vehicles on, private property; the removal and storage of wrecked or 363 disabled vehicles/vessels from an accident scene; and, the removal and storage of 364 vehicles/vessels in the event the owner or operator is incapacitated, unavailable or leaves the 365 procurement of wrecker service to the law enforcement officer at the scene; or, otherwise does 366 not consent to removal of the vehicle/vessel

367 368

Sec. 24-98. Findings, purpose and intent.

369

370 (a) The above recitals are incorporated as additional findings as though fully set forth below.

- (b) The board of county commissioners village council finds that providing for and
 safeguarding the life, health, safety, property and welfare of its citizens, the regulation of
 business enterprises engaged in the practice of recovering, towing, immobilizing,
 removing and storing vehicles/vessels is a matter affecting the public interest; and, in order
 to protect visitors and citizens within Lee County Estero, business entities engaged in these
 activities must be required to comply with the regulations set forth in this article.
- (c) This article is intended to supplement the provisions of F.S. §§ 125.0103, 316.193, 713.78,
 715.07 and Florida Administrative Code (FAC) Rule 15B-9.
- 379 (d) The primary purpose of this article is to:
- (1) Provide a uniform system for the regulation of business entities engaged in, or that
 intend to engage in, the practice of recovering, towing, immobilizing, removing or
 storing vehicles/vessels;
- 383 (2) Set maximum public service rates;
 - (3) State solicitation restrictions and permit requirements; and
- 385 (4) Establish minimum insurance requirements.
- (e) This article is not intended to create additional operations standards or safety criteria; and,
 assumes no legislative or regulatory responsibility there for. Nothing in this article may
 be construed to alleviate the need of entities and operators to be familiar and comply with
 the Florida Uniform Traffic Control laws, as well as other applicable laws, rules and
 regulations, including but not limited to, F.S. § 715.07, FAC Rule 15B-9.001 et seq., and
 Florida Highway Patrol requirements.
- (f) Except for setting the maximum service rates, this article may not be construed to
 supersede other Lee County Sheriff and Florida Highway Patrol call allocation rules and
 procedures.
- 395

384

Words underlined are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

- 396 Sec. 24-99. Definitions.
- 397398 As used in the article, the respective word or phrase means:
- 400 *Accident scene* means the place where the vehicle/vessel is located immediately following 401 an accident that damaged a vehicle/vessel, preventing safe operation.
- 402

399

403 *Administrative/lien fee* means the fee that is charged by a towing company for title records, 404 conducting a lien search, advertising costs, and certified mail notification to the lien holder, 405 owner and all persons with a vested interest in the vehicle and charges against a vehicle or 406 vessel as required by F.S. § 713.78.

407

408 *Authorized agent (for a property)* means any agent or authorized agent for a property 409 owner who has written authority to sign for an absentee owner or property association board 410 for the removal or immobilization of a vehicle or vessel parked on private property.

411

412 *Authorized representative (for a vehicle/vessel)* means any individual who at the time a 413 decision to select a towing company is made, has lawful, actual or constructive physical 414 possession or custody of that vehicle/vessel, including: (1) the registered owner or co-owner 415 of the vehicle/vessel; (2) lienholder or insurance company agent with appropriate 416 documentation evidencing authority to take possession of the vehicle/vessel; or, (3) licensed 417 driver who is then sixteen (16) years of age or older with notarized documentation indicating 418 authority to take possession of the vehicle/vessel.

419

420 *Authorized wrecker operator* means a wrecker operator who is designated as part of the 421 wrecker operator system established by the governmental unit that has jurisdiction over the 422 scene of a wrecked or disabled vehicle (including, when applicable, the Division of Florida 423 Highway Patrol), where the governmental unit/law enforcement officer has determined 424 removal of a vehicle/vessel by wrecker is necessary.

425

Disabled means a vehicle/vessel that cannot be moved by its own power because the physical condition resulting from, but not limited to, non-use, lack of fuel or mechanical malfunction prevents movement by the owner. A vehicle/vessel may also be deemed disabled if it cannot be legally operated on the roadways or waterways.

430

431 *Extra time at scene* means any extra time beyond one-half $(\frac{1}{2})$ hour at an accident scene 432 that is needed to safely remove a vehicle/vessel and includes the amount of time spent at a 433 scene when a tow truck has been summoned and is on scene but unable to proceed through no 434 fault of the tow truck operator. All extra billable time must be documented by the tow truck 435 operator and include the following information: (a) the name of the law enforcement agency; 436 (b) the officer's name; and, (c) a detailed explanation of why the extra time at the accident 437 scene was required or necessary along with detail regarding the specific services rendered. 438 Extra time on scene will be charged in 15-minute increments.

439

440 *Gross weight* means the weight of a tow truck in pounds, plus the weight of the 441 vehicles/vessels or other machinery and the contents being towed.

442

443 *Immobilization* means the utilization of a "boot" or other mechanism, as defined herein, 444 which causes a vehicle to be immobile or otherwise renders a vehicle immobile or inoperable.

445

Immobilization company means the private partnership, corporation or other privately
owned business entity, including sole proprietor, engaged in the immobilization of vehicles,
including the utilization of a "boot" or other mechanism that causes a vehicle to be immobile
or otherwise renders a vehicle immobile or inoperable.

450

451 *Immobilization device* or *boot* means any device attached to a vehicle designed to prevent
 452 the vehicle from being operated.

453 *Immobilization operator* means any individual engaged in the immobilization of vehicles, 454 including the utilization of a "boot" or other mechanism that causes a vehicle to be immobile 455 or otherwise renders a vehicle immobile or inoperable.

456

Incapacitated means any person who, at the time the wrecker request is made by law enforcement, is physically or legally unable to operate the vehicle/vessel due to the person's physical condition, including but not limited to sickness, injury, being under the influence of alcohol or controlled substance, being under arrest, being detained, revocation or suspension of the person's operator's license or permit, or any other condition that the jurisdictional law enforcement officer determines is justification to call a wrecker to tow the vehicle/vessel.

463

Law enforcement officer means every officer (full or part-time) as then defined by federal
law or by Florida Statutes, including F.S. § 112.531(1), 316.1906(1)(d)(1)—(3), or 943.10(1),
(6) or (8).

467

468 *Law enforcement tow* means any tow authorized by the jurisdictional law enforcement
469 officer using an authorized wrecker operator.
470

Light reflective sign means at minimum an eighteen (18) inches wide by twenty-four (24) inches high sign made of aluminum (at least 0.040 thickness) or fiber reinforced plastic (at least 0.090 thickness). The entire background surface and all lettering must at a minimum be type 1 engineered grade sheeting (ASTM D4956-01). The letters may be screen printed on the type 1 sheeting using a compatible transparent ink so that the retro reflective is maintained and visible.

477

Mileage charge means allowable charge, consistent with F.S. § 715.07, for each mile (1)
from the scene of a rotation call authorized by a jurisdictional law enforcement agent; (2) from
the private property impound/tow; or, (3) to the company storage yard.

481

Nonconsent towing means the recovery, towing, removal and storage of a vehicle/vessel
without authorization from the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized driver. Nonconsent towing
encompasses both a "law enforcement officer tow" and "private property impounds/tows".

486 *Operator* means any person who provides the services of recovering, towing,
487 immobilizing or removing vehicles/vessels and any related storage services. It includes,
488 without distinction, the owner of the towing/immobilization entity as well as the driver of a
489 tow truck or the employee performing the immobilization.

490

491 *Person* means any natural person, firm, partnership, association, corporation or other492 entity of any kind whatsoever.

493

494 *Private property impound* or *tow* means towing or removal of a vehicle/vessel, as 495 authorized by F.S. § 715.07, without the consent of the vehicle/vessel's owner or authorized 496 driver when that vehicle/vessel is parked on real property and the property owner or authorized 497 agent requested the removal in accordance with this article.

498 *Private rule* means a restrictive covenant, deed restriction, parking ticket restriction, and 499 any other private rule or regulation applicable to private property.

500

501 *Real property owner* means the person who exercises dominion and control over real 502 property including, but not limited to, the legal titleholder, lessee, designated representative of 503 a condominium or homeowner's association or any person authorized to exercise or share 504 dominion and control over real property. "Real property owner" does not mean a person 505 providing towing services pursuant to this article.

506

507 *Recover* means to take possession of a vehicle/vessel and its contents and to exercise 508 control, supervision and responsibility over it; including removal of vehicles/vessels from a 509 canal or other body of water, wooded area, or any other unpaved area.

510

Remove means the removal of a vehicle/vessel from a canal or other body of water, a wooded area not readily accessible to a roadway (i.e., within a standard cable length) or when a vehicle/vessel is buried. This includes towing, winching, skating, using "go jacks", or any other method employed by towing companies.

515

516 *Road* means alley, court, drive, driveway, highway, interstate highway, lane, parking lot, 517 street, or any other substantially similar place, public or private.

518

519 *Scene* means a physical location from where a vehicle/vessel is towed following response 520 thereto by a law enforcement officer.

521

522 *Storage* means retaining actual physical possession of a vehicle/vessel at a private storage 523 facility for consideration; to place and leave a towed vehicle/vessel at a location where the 524 person providing the towing services exercises control, supervision and responsibility over the 525 vehicle/vessel.

Storage facility means the location where towed vehicle/vessels are stored.

528 *Tow* means to haul, draw or pull along a vehicle or vessel by means of a tow truck 529 ("wrecker") or vessel for hire equipped with booms, car carriers, winches or similar 530 commercially manufactured equipment.

Towing/tow or *immobilization company* means a private partnership, corporation or other privately owned business entity, including sole proprietor, engaged in the operation of towing or immobilizing vehicles/vessels by means of a tow truck slide bed, wrecker or any other form of towing apparatus designated for the purpose of transporting or immobilizing motor vehicles or vessels. This definition includes any person, company, corporation, or other entity that engages in, owns or operates a business that provides nonconsent towing, recovery, removal and storage of vehicles/vessels for compensation.

539

526

527

531

540 *Tow truck identification* means a decal or sign issued by the local government agent, 541 authorized jurisdictional law enforcement agency, or similar governmental body, which is 542 placed upon any tow truck or tow vessel to designate authorization to engage in nonconsent 543 tows, and, to allow parking in specially designated areas authorized by the <u>village county</u> or 544 jurisdictional governing body. 545

546 *Unavailable* means that no authorized person is physically present at the scene; or, if 547 present, is incapacitated. When no accident scene is involved, an authorized person is 548 unavailable if he or she cannot readily be contacted.

549

Vehicle means a machine or other substantially similar thing designed with two (2) or more wheels that is propelled by its own engine, motor or pulling animals and is used to transport one (1) or more persons and property over road or land. The term "vehicle" includes a car, truck, trailer, semi-trailer, motorcycle, motor scooter, moped, bus, van, recreational vehicle, all-terrain vehicle, golf cart, animal-drawn vehicle, and every other similar means of wheeled transportation.

Vessel is synonymous with the term "boat" as referenced in section 1(b), Art. VII of the State Constitution and includes every description of watercraft, barge, and airboat, other than a seaplane on the water, used or capable of being used as a means of transportation on water.

560

561 *Wrecked* means a vehicle/vessel that cannot be driven away under its own power from its 562 location due to its physical condition.

563

Wrecker classification means the wrecker classifications set forth in FAC15B-9.005. In addition to Wrecker Classifications A—C in FAC15B-9.005, a Class D wrecker is added for those specifications exceeding the minimum gross weight and related criteria for Class C wreckers.

568

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

569 *Wrecker operator* means any person or firm regularly engaged for hire in the business of 570 towing or removing vehicles/vessels.

571

573

572 Sec. 24-100. Permit required.

- (a) Wrecker operator permit. To engage in nonconsent towing a wrecker (or tow truck)
 operator must have a valid "wrecker operator permit" issued by the sheriffs clerk's office
 consistent with this article.
- (b) *Immobilization operator permit*. Any immobilization operator, including an individual
 providing the immobilization service, engaging in the immobilization or booting of a
 vehicle must have a valid "immobilization operator permit" issued by the sheriffs clerk's
 office consistent with this article.
- (c) Upon issuance of a permit, the wrecker or immobilization operator is granted the privilege of engaging in nonconsent towing or immobilization within unincorporated Lee County
 <u>Estero</u>, unless the permit expires, is suspended or revoked pursuant to the terms of this article.
- (d) At the time the towing or immobilization services are being performed, the operator must
 have the permit readily available (at the scene of the activity) for inspection and
 verification.
- (e) A wrecker operator may hold more than one (1) wrecker operator permit, if each individual
 permit is for purposes of employment with a different towing entity.
- 590

591 Sec. 24-101. Permit application; fees.

- 592
- (a) Every application for a vehicle/vessel towing or immobilization permit must be on the proscribed form signed and verified by the applicant and filed with the Lee County sheriffs
 <u>clerk's</u> Office, together with the investigative and processing fee established as part of the Lee County Administrative Code or by resolution of the board of county commissioners village council. Statements contained in the application become part of the permit and may be modified only in writing as provided in this article or the established application procedure.
- (b) *Background check.* Each applicant will be subjected to a state and national criminal background check based upon fingerprinting performed by the sheriff's office or pursuant to a vendor approved by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement. The applicant is responsible for the costs associated with fingerprinting. Applicants will be screened using the county village or sheriff's office "ORI" numbers.
- (c) *Application*. Every application for a wrecker or immobilization operator permit must be
 submitted on a form proscribed by the sheriff's office. The form must contain, at
 minimum, the following information:
- (1) Sufficient information to identify the applicant, including, but not limited to, full legal name, date of birth, date the legal entity was formed, telephone numbers, and all business and residence addresses. If the applicant is a corporation (including a limited liability company), the foregoing information will also be provided for each corporate
- 612 officer, director, resident agent and shareholder. If the applicant is a partnership, the

613		foregoing information must be provided for each general and limited partner. Post
614		office box addresses are not sufficient.
615	(2)	
616		that all corporate or partnership applicants are qualified to do business under the Laws
617		of Florida.
618	(3)	
619		Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.
620	(4)	
621	(5)	
622	(6)	The address and STRAP number of the business location from which the applicant
623		will operate the business activity and storage facility. All business locations must be
624		identified.
625	(7)	A list of all persons with an ownership interest in the applicant's business operation
626		who have been previously denied an operator permit or had one (1) suspended or
627		revoked.
628	(8)	Any trade name under which the applicant operates, intends to operate, or has
629		previously operated.
630	(9)	A description of the services to be provided, including but not limited to, hours of
631		operation, procedures for handling complaints and accidents, insurance coverage, and
632		the communication system to be used.
633	(10) A list of all felonies or misdemeanors for which the applicant has been adjudicated
634		guilty, or for which adjudication was withheld, within the five (5) years preceding the
635		date of the application. Individual applicants must be fingerprinted and photographed
636		by the sheriff's office or another law enforcement agency and this information must
637		be included with the application.
638		For purposes of this subsection, if the applicant is a partnership or corporation, the
639		above information must be provided for all corporate officers, directors, sole
640		proprietors, operations managers, managing general partners and any stockholders
641		that own or control five (5) percent or more of the issued and outstanding stock or
642		other beneficial interest in the business entity.
643	(11) Proof of insurance meeting the criteria set forth in this article.
644	(12	2) The signature of each individual applicant, the signature of the president or vice-
645		president of a corporate applicant and the signature of all general partners of a
646		partnership applicant.
647	(13	3) An agreement, signed by the applicant, indicating the applicant will abide by the
648		provisions of this article and the laws of the State of Florida.
649	(14	Such additional information as the sheriff or his <u>clerk or</u> designee may deem
650		appropriate.
651		
652	(d) <i>Ap</i>	plication fee. The permit application fee is twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and must be
653		d at the time the application is submitted. The application fee will be deposited into a
654	-	parate county village fund and will be used exclusively to accomplish the purposes of
655	-	s article. The amount of the application fee must be reasonably related to the cost of the
656		vices and regulations set forth in this article.
		-

658 659 (a) The sheriff is empowered to issue operator permits to applicants meeting all applicable 660 standards and requirements. The sheriff may promulgate administrative processes and procedures applicable to the issuance and revocation of a permit. 661 662 (b) The sheriff will review and investigate each application for a license and reject any 663 application that is not properly filed, is incomplete, untrue in whole or in part, or which 664 otherwise fails to meet the requirements set forth in this article. 665 (c) Criteria for permit issuance. A wrecker or immobilization operator's permit may be 666 issued, in the sole discretion of the sheriff, if the applicant meets all of the following minimum criteria: 667 (1) Filed a true, correct and complete application on the form proscribed by the sheriffs 668 669 office, including all proofs of required insurance. 670 (2) Holds a valid Florida Class E or higher driver's license. (3) Paid the appropriate application fee; and 671 672 (4) The sheriff determines that: 673 а The applicant has not been convicted, pled nolo contendere, had adjudication withheld or been incarcerated for any of the following: 674 675 Any capital felony; any first degree felony; sexual battery; any violent felony 1. involving the use of a gun or other weapon that resulted in great bodily harm. 676 Any crime resulting in a sexual predator or offender registration. 677 2. 678 3. Within the previous ten (10) years: Any violent felony not referenced in 679 subsection (c)(4)a.1. above. 680 Within the last ten (10) years: Any felony or first degree misdemeanor 4. 681 directly related to the business of towing or immobilization of motor 682 vehicles/vessels, repossession of motor vehicles, motor vehicle theft; carjacking or "chop shops"; or, liens for recovering, towing or storing 683 vehicles/vessels. 684 685 5. Within the previous five (5) years: Driving under the influence (DUI) of alcohol, a controlled substance or a chemical substance to the extent that 686 normal facilities were impaired; reckless driving where the actual DUI 687 688 charge was reduced to reckless driving, but the DUI sentence was imposed; or, driving with an unlawful blood alcohol level. 689 690 Neither the applicant, nor any officer, director, partner, or stockholder owning, b. 691 holding, controlling or having a beneficial interest of five (5) percent or more in 692 the business entity: 693 Has a currently suspended operator's permit or has had a permit revoked by 1 694 action of the sheriff clerk within two (2) years of the date of the application. 695 Has outstanding and unsatisfied civil penalties imposed on account of 2. 696 violations of this article. 697 Has been convicted of one (1) or more felonies within the preceding five (5)3. 698 years; or committed three (3) misdemeanors within the preceding three (3) 699 years, unless the civil rights of such individual or applicant have been 700 restored or such person has completed all sentences of incarceration,

Issuance of permit; appeal; renewal.

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

657

Sec. 24-102.

701					
701		probation rehabilitation activities and payment of any fines or penalties			
702		imposed. For applicants requesting renewal, the sheriff clerk may only			
703		consider crimes committed after the date the initial permit was issued, unless			
704		the crimes were not previously disclosed.			
705		c. Each corporate or partnership applicant is qualified under the Laws of Florida to			
706		do business under the name in which the permit application was filed.			
707		d. No fraud or willful or knowing misrepresentation or false statement was made			
708		on the application.			
709		e. No judgment against the applicant arising out of the activity of immobilization,			
710		recovery, towing, removal or storage of a vehicle/vessel remains unsatisfied.			
711		f. There are no outstanding arrest warrants against the applicant or any officer,			
712		director, partner or stockholder.			
713	(d)	<i>Review.</i> Permit applications will be reviewed and granted or denied in writing within five			
714	(4)	(5) business days. A permit may be granted with conditions, as deemed appropriate by the			
715		sheriff <u>clerk</u> . If a permit application is denied, the reason for denial will be provided in			
716		writing and advise the applicant may correct deficiencies in the application within seven			
717		(7) days of the notice of denial without incurring an additional application fee.			
718	(e)				
719	(0)	attempts to correct application deficiencies), the denial may be appealed to the Lee County			
720		Estero board of county commissioners village council upon a written request to the Lee			
720					
722		<u>County</u> <u>Estero</u> Attorney's Office, if filed within ten (10) days following the last written			
723		denial. Appeals will be heard by the <u>board of county commissioners</u> <u>village council</u> at a public meeting on the appeals agende			
723	(f)	public meeting on the appeals agenda.			
724	(f)	<i>Renewal.</i> Renewal applications must be filed sixty (60) days prior to the end of the one			
		(1) year permit effective period on a form proscribed by the sheriffs clerk's office and be			
726	accompanied by the appropriate fee. All annual permits that are not properly renewed, will expire on the one (1) year anniversary of the permit effective date. It is the responsibility				
727					
728		of the applicant to obtain timely renewal of the permit.			
729	(g) <i>Validity</i> . A permit issued by the sheriffs <u>clerk's</u> office is valid for a period of one (1) year				
730		from the date of issuance.			
731	(h)	Permits and renewals issued under this article are not transferable.			
732	_				
733	Sec	e. 24-103. Insurance requirements.			
734					
735	(a)				
736		business, must maintain the following policies of insurance according to the minimum			
737		limits set forth in this section or as otherwise required by Lee County Estero Risk			
738		Management. Each policy must be in the name of the operator or the business entity under			
739		which the operator is doing business and include coverage for towing and storage, as			
740		applicable. The policy must be effective throughout the period the operator is qualified to			
741		do business under this article. This provision is not intended to limit the operator to the			
742		types of insurance set forth below:			
743		(1) Worker's compensation and employer's liability insurance as required by statute.			

744 (2) Garage liability insurance in an amount not less than three hundred thousand dollars 745 (\$300,000.00) combined single limit. (3) Garage keeper's legal liability insurance in an amount not less than fifty thousand 746 747 dollars (\$50,000.00) for each loss, covering perils of fire and explosion; theft of a vehicle, its parts or contents; riot and civil commotion; vandalism; malicious 748 749 mischief; and, damage to a vehicle in tow. 750 (4) The following minimum levels of bodily injury liability insurance and property 751 damage liability insurance, in accord with F.S. § 627.7415, as follows: 752 Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) per occurrence and one hundred thousand a. 753 dollars (\$100,000.00) combined single limit for a wrecker with a gross vehicle 754 weight of less than thirty-five thousand (35,000) pounds. 755 One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) per occurrence and three hundred b. 756 thousand dollars (\$300,000,00) combined single limit for a wrecker with a gross 757 vehicle weight of thirty-five thousand (35,000) pounds or more, but less than 758 forty-four thousand (44,0000) pounds. 759 Three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00) per occurrence and five hundred C. thousand dollars (\$500,000.00) combined single limit for a wrecker with a gross 760 vehicle weight of forty-four thousand (44,000) pounds or more. 761 762 For immobilization activity, liability coverage in an amount no less than twenty d. 763 thousand dollars (\$20,000.00) for each incident. (b) The insurance coverage required must include those classifications that are listed in 764 765 standard liability manuals, which most nearly reflect the operation of the wrecker or 766 immobilization operator. 767 (c) All required insurance policies must be issued by an insurance company authorized to do 768 business in the State of Florida and be in a form acceptable to risk management. Policies 769 valid for less than six (6) months duration are not acceptable. (d) The insurance must be kept in full force and effect by the certificate holder at all times the 770 771 permit is effective. Failure to maintain appropriate insurance will result in automatic 772 suspension of the permit. The suspension will remain in place until proof of insurance is 773 filed with the sheriff. 774 775 Sec. 24-104. Permit document specifications. 776 777 (a) The wrecker operator permit or immobilization operator permit issued by the sheriff's 778 office must meet the following specifications: 779 (1) Be not less than 21/8 inches by 33/8 inches in size. 780 (2) Include a photograph of the wrecker or immobilization operator that is not less than 781 one (1) inch by one and one-half $(1\frac{1}{2})$ inches in size. 782 (3) State the name of the wrecker or immobilization service/business entity along with 783 the wrecker or immobilization operator's first name in letters that are not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ 784 inch by 1/4 inch. 785 (4) Include a control number (decal number) that is linked to the wrecker or 786 immobilization operator's personal driver's license information.

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

787		(5) Include evidence (i.e. a mark or signature) from the sheriff's office that it is a valid
788		permit.
789		(6) State the expiration date of the permit.
790		(7) State any conditions, restrictions or limitations on the permit approval.
791		(8) A valid permit must be laminated to protect the information on its face.
792	(b)	The permit must be replaced if the permit is lost, damaged, stolen, becomes illegible or
793		the permit holder changes the business entity under which the services are provided.
794	(c)	The cost for a replacement permit is five dollars (\$5.00) and is valid only for the remainder
795		of the period applicable to the original permit.
796		
797	Sec	24-105. Manifest, trip record or tow sheet.
798		
799	(a)	A person or entity recovering, towing, immobilizing, or removing a vehicle/vessel or
800		providing storage in connection therewith must maintain a manifest, trip record or tow
801		sheet that includes, at minimum, the following information:
802		(1) Name of the permit holder as well as the individual person/employee providing the
803		service.
804		(2) Decal number of the towing vehicle, equipment or car carrier used to provide the
805		service.
806		(3) Date and time that the service was requested.
807		(4) Name, address and phone number of the person requesting the service. If law
808		enforcement requested the tow, include the requesting officer's name and agency
809		name.
810		(5) Date and time the service was initiated.
811		(6) Location at which the service originated.
812		(7) Destination to which the towed vehicle is taken and the time of arrival at the
813		destination.
814		(8) Description of the vehicle that is the subject of the service, including make, model,
815		year, color, vehicle identification number, and state license plate number, if any.
816		(9) A statement of any visible damage to the exterior of the vehicle and an inventory of
817		the visible inventory within the vehicle.
818		(10) Description of services provided.
819		(11) Costs of services provided.
820		(12) Date and time the vehicle was delivered to the storage facility.
821		(13) Date and time the vehicle was released to the owner or agent.
822	(b)	
823		law enforcement officers or by personnel authorized by the sheriff, at completion of
824		recovery, towing, immobilization or removal of the vehicle.
825	(c)	
826		sheet for at least three (3) years. No person/entity providing the service may destroy,
827		mutilate, alter or deface any manifest, trip record or tow sheet prior to the expiration of
828		the three (3) years. All manifests, trip records and tow sheets must be available for
829		inspection by the sheriff or authorized personnel during regular business hours.
020		

830

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

831 Sec. 24-106. Regulations applicable to the tow or immobilization operator and related 832 business entity.

- 833
- (a) The tow or immobilization operator, or the related business entity, must have a valid
 occupational license (i.e. business tax receipt) for the business entity providing the
 services. This license must be posted and available for viewing on the business site and
 storage facility.
- (b) The tow operator must provide storage for the towed vehicle at a location that is within a ten-mile radius of the location from which the vehicle was removed. However, if a permitted operator providing services in accord with this article is not located within a ten-mile radius, then a removed vehicle may be stored in Lee County at a site within twenty
 (20) miles of the point of removal.
- (c) The tow operator providing services must transport the vehicle directly to the storage site
 of the towing entity providing the service or to another location as directed by the law
 enforcement officer authorizing the tow. Vehicles may not be kept or placed in a
 temporary holding area.
- (d) At the tow storage facility or immobilization business location, the operator must maintain
 prominent clearly visible signs (in no less than twelve (12) point type, unless otherwise
 indicated) in the area where business is transacted indicating the following:
- (1) The name and phone number of the entity; the hours the storage site is open for regular
 business; and the phone number to call to obtain after hour services. This information
 must be clearly visible from the street in at least three (3) inch letters on a contrasting
 background.
- A schedule of all current rates and charges applicable to tows, removal, impounds and immobilization. This schedule should also include a statement indicating the stated rates and charges do not exceed those established and authorized by this article.
- 857 (3) Notice of the right to request and review a complete schedule of the rates and charges
 858 for towing and immobilization services as adopted by Lee County Estero.
- (4) Notice regarding claimed overcharges for nonconsent tows or immobilization indicating: (1) the owner has a right to post security in the amount of the charges for towing, storage or immobilization with the circuit court in order to obtain release of the vehicle/vessel; (2) upon posting of security meeting F.S. § 713.78 and payment of the fees required by F.S. § 28.24, the clerk of court will issue a certificate directing release of the vehicle/vessel; and, (3) the operator is obligated to release the vehicle/vessel upon receipt of the certificate as to the posting of bond.
- (e) Any operator or entity providing services pursuant to this article may not do so when there
 is a person or animal occupying the vehicle/vessel.
- 868 (f) The permitted operator providing the services must maintain a place of business, which:
- 869 (1) Supports an office that has at least one (1) on-duty person from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
 870 Monday through Friday to answer phone calls and serve the public.
- 871 (2) Maintains a telephone communication system to answer calls from the public twenty 872 four (24) hours a day. Provides after hours services that must enable the vehicle/vessel
 873 owner/representative to obtain release of the vehicle/vessel within one (1) hour of the
 874 phone call.

- 875 (3) Provides a detailed, signed receipt, at the time payment is made, showing the legal name of the towing or immobilization company, to the person paying the towing, immobilization or storage charges. This receipt must be provided whether requested or not.
- (g) The person/entity providing towing/immobilization services in accordance with this
 article must advise any vehicle owner or authorized representative that calls by telephone
 prior to arriving at the storage site the following information:
- 882 (1) Each and every document or other item that must be produced to retrieve the vehicle/vessel.
- 884 (2) The exact charges as of the time of the telephone call and the rate at which charges accumulate after the call.
 - (3) The acceptable methods of payment.

886

- (4) The hours and days the storage site is open for regular business.
- 888 (h) The person/entity providing storage services must permit every vehicle/vessel owner or 889 authorized representative, upon presentation of reasonable proof as to ownership or 890 authorization from the owner, to inspect the towed vehicle immediately upon arrival at the 891 storage site and before payment of any charges. Examples of "reasonable proof" under 892 this article include, but are not limited to, a driver's license matching the name on the 893 vehicle registration and proof of authorized representation. With the exception of 894 vehicle/vessels held pursuant to a specific request or "hold order" issued by law 895 enforcement, the vehicle owner or authorized representative must be permitted to remove 896 the vehicle license tag as well as any and all personal possessions inside but not affixed to 897 the vehicle, including but not limited to IPods, cellular phones, computers, and hand held 898 GPS units; and, the storage site operator must assist the vehicle owner or representative in 899 doing so.
- (i) The person or entity providing services under this article must accept payment for charges
 from the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative in at least two (2) of the
 following three (3) categories:
- 903 (1) Cash, money order or valid traveler's check;
- 904 (2) Valid bank credit card or debit card; or
- 905 (3) Valid personal check showing on its face the name and address of the vehicle/vessel
 906 owner or authorized representative.
- 907A vehicle owner or authorized representative may not be required to furnish more908than one (1) form of picture identification when payment is rendered using a valid909bank card, debit card or personal check.
- (j) The tow or immobilization entity may not condition release of the vehicle/vessel on a
 requirement that the owner/agent be required to sign a release or waiver with respect to
 liability for damages.
- (k) The tow operator must complete a tow sheet consistent with section 24-106 for every tow
 performed. For private property tows, the sheet must be signed by the property owner or
 authorized representative authorizing the tow/removal unless law enforcement requested
 the tow, then a signature is not required. This tow sheet must include proper verification
- 917 of the identity of the property owner or agent upon whose property the vehicle is disabled,

Words underlined are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

- abandoned or parked without authorization. A driver's license number for the propertyowner is an example of proper identity verification.
- 920 (1) Any person providing services in accord with this section may not pay or rebate money or
 921 solicit/offer the rebate of money or other valuable consideration in order to obtain the
 922 privilege of providing towing/immobilization services.
- 923 924

925

929

- Sec. 24-107. Nonconsent tow or immobilization.
- A nonconsent tow or immobilization may occur only in compliance with this article and
 the following:
 (1) The tow or immobilization operator must hold a valid permit in accord with the
 - (1) The tow or immobilization operator must hold a valid permit in accord with the provisions of this article.
- 930 (2) The vehicle/vessel is not occupied, by a person or animal, at the time the towing,931 immobilization or removal occurs.
- (3) Law enforcement directed tow. A duly permitted operator is acting upon the express instruction of a law enforcement officer and the activity is conducted in accordance with the contract/agreement between the permitted operator and the governmental entity in whose jurisdiction the law enforcement officer serves.
- 936 (4) Private property impound. A duly permitted operator is acting upon the express
 937 instruction of a property owner or authorized agent, or in certain instances a law
 938 enforcement officer, on whose property the vehicle is disabled, abandoned or parked
 939 without authorization or whose owner/representative is unwilling or unable to remove
 940 the vehicle/vessel.
- 941 (5) The operator or entity performing the nonconsent tow or immobilization must, within 942 thirty (30) minutes of completing the activity, notify the law enforcement agency with 943 jurisdiction based upon the location of the vehicle/vessel at the time the service was 944 provided, of the following: (1) the address and time at which the services where 945 rendered (e.g. where the vehicle/vessel was located at the time); (2) the name and 946 address of the storage facility; (3) the make, model color and vehicle license plate 947 number or vessel registration number; and, (4) the name of the operator providing the 948 services. The tow manifest must include the name and identification number of the 949 law enforcement officer to whom the information was provided.
- 950
- 951 Sec. 24-108. Express instruction by law enforcement.
- (a) Unless otherwise specifically provided in this article, express instruction from law enforcement that may be relied upon as authorization to tow, remove or immobilize a vehicle must be in writing, identify the date and time the instruction was provided, be signed by the law enforcement officer, and include the officer's identification number. The written document may be prepared by someone other than the officer, however, the officer must sign and verify the accuracy of the document and the instructions prior to the tow or immobilization.
- (b) The following items alone are not express prior instruction from a law enforcement officer:

962	(1) Mere posting of signage as required by this article.
963	(2) The terms of a contract or agreement between a towing or immobilization company
964	and a real property owner.
965	(3) An attempt to issue prior express instruction in advance or before the actual
966	unauthorized parking of a vehicle occurs.
967	(4) Prior express instruction that is general in nature and not specifically related to
968	individual identifiable vehicles that are already parked without authorization.
969	
970	Sec. 24-109. Requirements for nonconsent tows from or immobilization on private
971	property.
972	
973	(a) Tow or immobilization operators holding a valid permit issued under this article may
974	recover, tow, immobilize or remove a vehicle and provide storage in connection therewith
975	upon the instruction of a property owner, or authorized agent, on whose property the
976	vehicle is abandoned or parked without authorization, provided the following
977	requirements are met:
978	(1) Notice, meeting the following requirements, must be prominently posted on the
979	property from which the vehicle/vessel will be removed or immobilization will occur
980	a. Notice must be provided on a light reflective sign as follows:
981	1. In not less than two (2) inch high light reflective letters on a contrasting
982	background, the words "UNAUTHORIZED VEHICLES WILL BE
983	TOWED AWAY AT THE OWNER'S EXPENSE".
984	or
985	If the property owner has authorized the immobilization of vehicle, then the
986	text should read as follows "UNAUTHORIZED VEHICLES WILL BE
987	TOWED AWAY OR IMMOBILIZED AT THE OWNER'S EXPENSE".
988	2. The words, "TOW-AWAY ZONE" must be included in not less than four
989	(4) inch light reflective letters on a contrasting background.
990	3. In not less than one (1) inch high light reflective letters on a contrasting
991	background, the days of the week and hours of the day during which vehicles
992	may be towed or immobilized, the name and phone number of the towing or
993	immobilization entity performing the service.
994	b. The sign must be prominently placed at each driveway access or curb cur
995	allowing vehicle access to the property, setback five (5) feet from the right-of-
996	way line. If there are no curbs or access barriers, signs must be placed at 25-foot
997	intervals along the property frontage. The signs must be permanently installed
998	not less than four (4) feet, but not more than six (6) feet, above ground level and
999	be continuously maintained on the real property for a period of not less than
1000	twenty-four (24) hours prior to the towing, immobilization or removal of any
1001	vehicle.
1002	c. Light reflective signs must be maintained or replaced so as to remain clearly
1003	visible, legible and light reflective at all times. The property owner is responsible
1004	for providing, maintaining, replacing and removing the signs as necessary.
1005	d. Failure to maintain the appropriate signing is a violation of this article.
	Wards underlined are additions: Words struck through are deletions

1006			e. The posting of notice, as set forth in this section, is not required where:
1007			1. The real property upon which the vehicle is parked is property appurtenant
1008			to and obviously a part of a single-family residence.
1009			2. Written notice is personally given to the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized
1010			driver/agent indicating that the property upon which the vehicle/vessel is
1011			parked is reserved or otherwise not available for unauthorized
1012			vehicles/vessels; and, the vehicle/vessel is subject to removal or
1013			immobilization at the vehicle/vessel owner's expense.
1014		(2)	The real property owner or authorized agent must provide express instruction to
1015			recover, tow, immobilize or remove the vehicle. Evidence of the express instruction
1016			must include the property owner or authorized agent's signature, along with the date,
1017			on the tow sheet. The person preparing the tow sheet must verify the identity of the
1018			property owner or authorized agent before accepting the signature.
1019		(3)	Immediately upon request, and without demanding compensation, the real property
1020			owner must inform the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative of the name
1021			and address of the tow truck or immobilization entity that recovered, towed,
1022			immobilized or removed the vehicle/vessel.
1023		(4)	Persons or entities providing services pursuant to this section may recover,
1024		()	immobilize, tow or remove a vehicle/vessel or provide storage in connection
1025			therewith if the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative arrives at the scene
1026			prior to recovery, towing, immobilization or removal, and:
1027			a. The registered owner or other legally authorized representative in control of the
1028			vehicle/vessel refuses or is unable to remove the vehicle/vessel; or
1029			b. A complete mechanical connection exists between the vehicle/vessel, the towing
1030			or removal apparatus, or the immobilization boot, and the vehicle/vessel owner
1031			or authorized representative refuses to pay a reasonable service fee of not more
1032			than one-half $\binom{1}{2}$ of the posted/established rate (drop charge) for the services as
1033			required under this article.
1034			c. No service fee may be demanded if the vehicle/vessel was in the process of being
1035			towed or immobilized, but not yet connected to the wrecker or immobilization
1036			devise.
1037		(5)	Drop charges. If the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative arrives at the
1038			scene and is willing and able to remove the vehicle/vessel, but for the complete
1039			mechanical connection, a drop charge consistent with this article may be charged.
1040	(b)	Agr	reement to tow.
1041		0	Unless the tow/immobilization meets one (1) of the sign notice exceptions set forth
1042			in subsection (c) below, the towing or immobilization company must enter into a
1043			written contract with each private property owner that authorizes the towing or
1044			immobilization company to tow, immobilize, remove and store vehicles from its
1045			property. The contract must include:
1046			a. Contract term (beginning and end date);
1047			b. The names and titles of those persons (e.g. owner, property manager,
1048			condominium president) with the authority to appoint or delegate others (e.g.
1049			security guard, onsite manager) that can act on behalf of the property owner to
			Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

1050	
1050	provide express authorization to tow, remove or immobilize a vehicle from its
1051	property; and,
1052	c. The name and contact information of the towing or immobilization company
1053	performing the services.
1054	(2) The agreement may not include a provision designating liability for the improper
1055	towing, immobilization, removal or storage of a vehicle to the towing or
1056	immobilization company.
1057	a. This provision may not be used by a towing or immobilization company to avoid
1058	liability for damages to a vehicle caused by the towing or immobilization
1059	operator's negligence in providing services.
1060	b. Any person or entity improperly causing a vehicle/vessel to be recovered, towed,
1061	immobilized, removed or stored is liable to the vehicle/vessel owner for the costs
1062	of the services provided; any damages resulting from the removal,
1063	immobilization, towing and storage of the vehicle/vessel; and, attorney's fees and
1064	court costs.
1065	(3) The towing or immobilization company must keep and maintain a copy of each
1066	agreement, including any addendums or amendments, on file for at least twelve (12)
1067	months after the agreement terminates. Law enforcement officers and agencies have
1068	the right to request and inspect all agreements during normal business hours. Towing
1069	and immobilization companies must produce the documents upon reasonable request
1070	by the law enforcement agency.
1071	(4) The agreement may not authorize the recovery, tow, removal or immobilization of
1072	vehicles/vessels that are reasonably identifiable from markings or equipment as law
1073	enforcement, fire fighting, rescue squad, ambulance or other emergency vehicles or
1074	property owned by a government entity.
1075	(5) The agreement may not include terms and conditions that are contrary to the
1076	provisions of this article.
1077	(6) Any contract existing prior to the date this section was enacted must be consistent
1078	with this section by January 1, 2014.
1079	(c) Exception to sign notice requirement. The removal of a vehicle/vessel by a towing
1080	company may occur without a posted tow-away zone sign in place, when:
1081	(1) Authorized by a business owner or lessee due to the fact that the vehicle/vessel is
1082	parked in such a ways as to restrict the normal operation of a business.
1083	(2) Authorized by an owner, lessee or agent due to the fact that the vehicle/vessel is
1084	parked on a public right-of-way in a manner that obstructs access to a private
1085	driveway.
1086	(3) The property on which the vehicle/vessel is parked is appurtenant to and obviously a
1087	part of a single-family residence.
1088	(4) The vehicle/vessel owner/agent has been given personal notice that the area in which
1089	the vehicle/vessel is parked is reserved or otherwise unavailable for unauthorized
1090	vehicle/vessels and that the vehicle/vessel is subject to removal at the
1091	owner's/operator's expense.
1092	

	I OUT
1094	
1095	(a) If the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative arrives at the scene prior to
1096	recovery, towing, immobilization or removal and is willing and able to remove the
1097	vehicle/vessel, but for the complete mechanical connection, a drop charge consistent with
1098	this article may be charged.
1099	(b) An invoice detailing the charges must be presented by the operator prior to the request for
1100	payment.
1101	(c) If the owner/driver is in the vehicle/vessel and refuses to vacate, then in addition to the
1102	drop charge, the tow or immobilization operator may charge for extra time at the scene.
1103	This additional charge is permitted if law enforcement involvement is necessary and the
1104	operator obtains the investigating law enforcement officer's name and badge number. The
1105	operator must also provide a detailed written explanation for "extra time at the scene"
1106	charges. All documentation must be provided to the vehicle/vessel owner upon request.
1107	(d) If a tow company, at the request of law enforcement, is required to perform and has
1108	performed a service, including but not limited to: towing, removal, movement of vehicles,
1109	roadway or scene cleanup or other services required at the scene prior to making a
1110	complete mechanical connection, and the owner/operator seeks to remove the
1111	vehicle/vessel using means other than the tow company providing services at the scene,
1112	the tow company that has acted at the direction of law enforcement has the right to obtain
1113	payment for services rendered at the scene from the owner/operator. Under these
1114	circumstances, charges for the services rendered at the scene will be based upon the hourly
1115	rate charge for the wrecker class on scene plus any exceptional charges (i.e. underwater
1116	recovery charges or hazardous waste cleanup) authorized by law enforcement.
1117	For purposes of this section the term "mechanical connection" means all of the following
1118	criteria are met:
1119	(1) For a flatbed truck tow: Four (4) wheels are on the flat bed; or for a wheel lift tow:
1120	two (2) wheels are off the ground; and
1121	(2) The vehicle to be towed is completely secured with safety chains or a safety strap;
1122	and
1123	(3) The tower is in complete control of the vehicle/vessel to be towed.
1124	
1125	Sec. 24-111. Immobilization.
1126	
1127	(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article or specifically allowed by law, the practice of
1128	placing a "boot" or other immobilization device on a vehicle is prohibited.
1129	(b) The immobilization can only occur in a manner consistent with the following:
1130	(1) Immobilization of a vehicle may only be performed by a duly permitted operator.
1131	(2) Placing a boot or other immobilization device on a vehicle to hold it for later towing
1132	is strictly prohibited. An immobilized vehicle may not be removed by a towing

is strictly prohibited. An immobilized vehicle may not be removed by a towing
company until at least six (6) hours after the initial "booting" of the vehicle occurs. If
a vehicle is lawfully booted and then towed, a separate fee for the immobilization may
not be charged in addition to the towing fee. The maximum rate is limited to the
charges applicable to towing the vehicle to the storage location.

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

Ordinance No. 2019-18

1093

Sec. 24-110.

Drop charges.

1137	(3) Immobilization. A "boot" or other device must be placed on the driver's side front
1138	wheel, unless placement on the driver's side front wheel is not feasible because of the
1139	vehicle's location.
1140	(4) Immediately after the vehicle is immobilized, a sticker must be placed on the window
1141	adjacent to the driver's seat by the operator performing the immobilization. The
1142	sticker must:
1143	a. Be affixed with completely removable adhesive.
1144	b. Be highly visible.
1145	c. Measure eight and one-half $(8\frac{1}{2})$ by eleven (11) inches.
1146	d. Contain a warning that any attempt to remove the vehicle will result in damage
1147	to the vehicle.
1148	e. State the name, business address and business phone number of the person that
1149	immobilized the vehicle; contact information to dispatch personnel responsible
1150	for removing the immobilization device.
1151	f. Reference this article.
1152	(5) Upon request of the immobilized vehicle's owner or authorized representative and
1153	payment of applicable fees, the immobilization operator must release the vehicle to
1154 1155	the owner/representative within one (1) hour.
1155	Sec. 24-112. Tow truck class specifications.
1150	Sec. 24-112. Tow truck class specifications.
1157	All tow truck vehicles must meet the requirements set forth in Florida Administrative
1150	Code Rule 15B-9.005.
1160	
1161	Sec. 24-113. Business inspection requirements.
1162	
1163	Towing and immobilization operators providing services controlled under the provisions
1164	of this article may be subject to annual inspection by the Lee County Sheriff's Office. The
1165	purpose of the inspection will be to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article.
1166	Entities or operators not meeting the requirements of this article may be cited for violations
1167	discovered during the annual inspection.
1168	
1169	Sec. 24-114. Towing safety standards.
1170	
1171	(a) It is unlawful for any person to recover, tow, or remove a vehicle/vessel, using a towing
1172	vehicle, equipment or car carrier in a manner that violates the standards for use of such
1173	towing vehicle, equipment or car carrier as set by the manufacturers thereof.
1174	(b) It is unlawful to tow without the use of safety chains or safety straps.
1175 1176	(c) It is unlawful to operate a tow truck without the required insurance coverage.(d) It is unlawful for a tow truck operator working within the right-of-way areas to do so
1170	(d) It is unlawful for a tow truck operator working within the right-of-way areas to do so without wearing high-visibility safety apparel consistent with the Code of Federal
1177	Regulations (23 CFR 634).
1178	
11/)	

1180 1181	Sec. 24-115. Maximum rates for	nonconsent services.
1181	(a) The maximum rates for noncons	ent towing and immobilization services are set forth on
1182	Attachment A to this article.	she towing and minobilization services are set forth on
1184		tion, amend Attachment A and revise, decrease, increase
1185		nonconsent immobilization, recovery, towing, removal
1186	and storage services.	nonconsent minicomzation, recovery, towing, removal
1187	0	naximum rates for nonconsent law enforcement towing,
1188	· · ·	immobilization and related services are:
1189		ans and includes the time from arrival on scene through
1190	· · · · ·	he tow truck is actively engaged in the safe removal of a
1191	vehicle/vessel.	
1192	(2) Mileage charges.	
1193		not be imposed/charged for the first ten (10) miles from
1194	the nonconsent tow loca	
1195	b. A mileage charge for pr	vate property impound/tow must be consistent with F.S.
1196	§ 715.07, which require	s storage within a 10-mile radius of the removal site.
1197	c. A mileage charge for ea	ch mile over the initial ten (10) miles as measured from
1198	the location of an accid	ent scene or rotation call authorized by a jurisdictional
1199	law enforcement agency	
1200	d. Mileage is measured as	the shortest distance ("as the crow flies"), between the
1201		tow's origination and the storage facility.
1202		ed upon a 24-hour calendar day, beginning at 12:01 a.m.
1203		chicle/vessel in storage for six (6) hours or longer, in any
1204		ccrue storage charges for that 24-hour calendar day. A
1205		less than six (6) hours, in any 24-hour calendar day, will
1206	0 0	r that 24-hour calendar day. Example: Vehicle arrives in
1207		y, and is picked up by 6:30 a.m., Tuesday. No charges
1208	-	y because storage on Monday was only five and one-half
1209		do accrue for Tuesday, as storage on Tuesday was for six
1210		ese storage rates are applicable when:
1211		thorized the vehicle to be impounded; or
1212	11 1	orcement agency has been notified by the tow operator,
1213	• · · · ·	ttes after the completion of the tow/removal, that the
1214	• • • •	ossession of a vehicle resulting from a private property
1215 1216	impound tow in accord	charged only upon the express direction, accompanied
1210	· · · · ·	om the vehicle owner (or authorized representative),
1217	-	any representative, or investigating law enforcement
1218	, I	of the vehicle requires indoor storage due to an inclement
1219		nicle windows or convertible top is down and cannot be
1220		ary to protect the vehicle and its contents.
1221		ng any lien fees, may be charged only after the vehicle
1222		st three (3) full calendars days; and
	e e	ditions: Words struck through are delations

1224	a. The law enforcement agency has prepared an incident report authorizing the
1225	vehicle impoundment; or
1226	b. The appropriate law enforcement agency has been notified by the tow operator,
1227	within thirty (30) minutes after completion of the tow/removal, that the towing
1228	company is in possession of a vehicle resulting from a private property impound
1229	tow in accord with F.S. § 715.07; and
1230	c. The towing company provides proof that the lien notices have been prepared and
1231	sent in accordance with F.S. § 713.78, including the appropriate names and
1232	addresses of the owner and lienholder, and the certified mail information and has
1233	otherwise complied with the provisions of F.S. §§ 713.58 and 713.78.
1234	(6) Underwater recovery fees may be charged if the recovery activity is performed by a
1235	certified or professional diver, upon the written authorization and approval of the
1236	investigating law enforcement agency or officer on the scene.
1237	(7) A "late hour gate period" may be established by the tow operator between the hours
1238	of 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. daily and between the hours of 12:01 a.m. and 12:00
1239	midnight on <u>a Village of Estero</u> Lee County government observed holidays. Late hour
1240	gate fees may be charged when:
1241	a. An impounded vehicle is recovered by the owner or authorized representative
1242	during the late hour gate period or <u>Village of Estero</u> Lee County government
1243	observed holiday.
1244	b. The owner or authorized representative seeks to recover property from an
1245	impounded vehicle during the late hour gate period or <u>Village of Estero</u> Lee
1246	County government observed holiday. However, no charges are permitted for
1247	removal/recovery of prescription medication or prescription eyeglasses from an
1248	impounded vehicle by the owner or authorized representative. If the towing
1249	company/storage entity determines that the owner or authorized representative
1250	made a false request to recover prescription medications or eyeglasses in order
1251	to recover other items, the towing operator may impose a late hour gate fee that
1252	is double the rate adopted by the <u>village</u> county under this article. The towing
1253	company/storage entity may request that a law enforcement officer be present at
1254	a time agreed for the recovery of prescription items under this section.
1255	(8) Hazardous material clean-up and disposal, if required, by a duly permitted operator,
1256	in accordance with federal, state and local laws and upon the approval of the
1257	investigating law enforcement agency or officer.
1258	
1259	Sec. 24-116. Violations; penalties and enforcement.
1260	
1261	(a) It is unlawful for any person, as part of a regularly conducted business activity to
1262	immobilize, recover, tow, remove a vehicle/vessel or store a vehicle/vessel in connection
1262	there with or to acuse or permit any other person to immedilize recover tow remove or

therewith or to cause or permit any other person to immobilize, recover, tow, remove or store a vehicle/vessel without first obtaining and maintaining a current and valid operator permit pursuant to the provisions of this article. A property owner may cause or permit the removal of a vehicle from their property in accordance with the provisions of this article.

Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.

1267 This article does not apply to persons using a towing vehicle to transport a vehicle/vessel 1268 for personal, family, household or recreational use.

- (b) It is unlawful for any person, as part of a regularly conducted business activity, to advertise to immobilize, recover, tow, remove or store a vehicle/vessel in connection therewith or to cause or permit any other person to immobilize, recover, tow, remove a vehicle/vessel or provide storage without first obtaining and maintaining a current and valid operator permit pursuant to the provisions of this article. Any advertisement in any media form, including advertisements and telephone listings in all "yellow pages", must include the permit number issued in accordance with this article.
- (c) It is unlawful for the owner of any wrecker service to permit any person to be employed
 as a wrecker operator conducting nonconsent towing services within the village
 unincorporated Lee County, unless such person holds a valid wrecker operator permit
 consistent with the provisions of this article.
- (d) Nothing in this article may be construed to prohibit the discharge or storage of a vehicle/vessel lawfully recovered, towed or removed in another county outside of the village limits and lawfully transported to Lee County Estero; nor may anything in this article be construed to prevent the immobilization of vehicles by a governmental agency.
- (e) Nothing in this article may be construed to prevent a natural person from working in an
 employment relation with another person holding a valid permit under this article. Any
 person that is an independent contractor, and not an employee of a duly permitted operator,
 will be subject to compliance with the requirements and provisions of this article.
- (f) Any person who improperly causes a vehicle/vessel to be recovered, towed, immobilized,
 removed or stored is liable to the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative for the
 costs of services provided, any damages resulting from the recovery, towing,
 immobilization, removal or storage, and attorney's fees and costs.
- (g) Each violation of this article is subject to the maximum fines and penalties specified in the law under which the enforcement action is based <u>and as provided by either by resolution</u>
 <u>of the Village Council or state law-including, but not limited to, F.S. §§ 125.69 and 715.07,</u>
 F.S. chs. 162 and 775 and, the Lee County Administrative Code.
- (h) Notwithstanding the imposition of any other penalty by the county <u>village</u> or other entity, three (3) or more separate incidents involving violations of this article committed by the same towing or immobilization operator or entity within a 365-day time period will be deemed a per se sufficient basis for forfeiture of the towing or immobilization operator 1300 permit for a period of sixty (60) days.
- (i) This section does not apply to the towing of a vehicle/vessel that occurs with the consentof the vehicle/vessel owner or authorized representative.
- 1303 (j) The provisions of this article will be enforced by the Lee County sheriff.
- 1305 Sec. 24-117. Administration; disposition of fees and fines; audit.
- 1306

1304

- 1307 (a) The sheriff is responsible for the administration of this article.
- (b) The sheriff has the authority to compromise assessments of fines imposed for violations of this article.
- 1310 (c) The sheriff may use any legal means to collect unpaid fees and fines.

1311	(d) Fees and fines collected by the sheriff under this article will be deposited by the sheriff				
1312	into the <u>Lee County Estero</u> general revenue fund to be used exclusively for the				
1312	administration and operations under this article.				
1314	(e) The monies collected under this article will be audited in compliance with F.S. ch. 219.				
1315	ATTACHMENT A				
1316	2013 MAXIMUM RATE SCHEDULE				
1317	Lee County, FLORIDA				
1317	(a) Wrecker rates: Rate				
1310	(1) Class A Wreckers:				
1319	(including roll-back or slide-back carriers)				
1320	Base rate (private property tow)\$125.00				
1321	Rotation tow (law enforcement tow)150.00				
1322	Mileage charge4.00				
1323	Per mile charge beyond initial ten miles for law enforcement tows from scene				
1324	or location, consistent with F.S. § 715.07(2).				
1325	Hourly rate (for waiting or working time on scene after first 30 minutes)80.00				
1320	(2) Class B Wreckers:				
1327	Base rate (private property tow)\$150.00				
1320	Rotation tow (law enforcement tow)200.00				
1329	Mileage charge				
1330	- Per mile charge beyond initial ten miles for law enforcement tows from scene				
1331	or location consistent with F.S. § 715.07(2).				
1332	Hourly rate105.00				
1333	(3) Class C Wreckers:				
1335	Base rate (private property tow)\$300.00				
1336	Rotation tow (law enforcement tow)400.00				
1337	Mileage charge6.00				
1338	- Per mile charge beyond initial ten miles for private property tows, if permitted				
1339	by F.S. § 715.07(2).				
1340	- Per mile charge beyond initial ten miles for law enforcement tows from scene				
1340	or location consistent with F.S. § 715.07(2).				
1341	Hourly rate200.00				
1343	(4) Class D Wreckers:				
1344	Base rate (private property tow)\$400.00				
1345	Rotation tow (law enforcement tow)400.00				
1346	Mileage charge7.00				
1347	- Per mile charge beyond initial ten miles for private property tows, if permitted				
1348	by F.S. § 715.07(2).				
1349	- Per mile charge beyond initial ten miles for law enforcement tows from scene				
1350	or location consistent with F.S. § 715.07(2).				
1350	Hourly rate280.00				
1351	(b) Separate charges:				
1352	1. Removal of drive shaft*				
1353	2. Air hook-up*				
тээт					
	Words <u>underlined</u> are additions; Words struck through are deletions.				

1355	3. Remove/pull axle*
1356	4. Remove bumper*
1357	5. Removal air foils*
1358	6. Landoll trailer—Semi roll back or drop back trail or truck\$200.00
1359	7. Air bags2,200.00
1360	8. Extra manpower Per man-hour charge65.00
1361	* Minimum ¹ / ₄ hour applicable rate or actual time-worked at applicable hourly rate.
1362	(c) Storage rates:
1363	DAILY MAXIMUM URBAN STORAGE TO 25 FEET IN LENGTH:
1364	Inside\$40.00
1365	Outside
1366	DAILY MAXIMUM URBAN STORAGE OVER 25 FEET IN LENGTH:
1367	Inside
1368	Outside
1369	Storage charges must be based upon a 24-hour calendar day, beginning at 12:01 a.m. and
1370	ending at midnight. A vehicle/vessel in storage for six (6) hours or longer, in any 24-hour
1371	calendar day, will accrue storage charges for that 24-hour calendar day. A vehicle/vessel in
1372	storage for less than six (6) hours, in any 24-hour calendar day, will not accrue storage charges
1373	for that 24-hour calendar day. (e.g. Vehicle arrives in storage at 6:30 p.m., Monday, and is
1374	picked up 6:30 a.m., Tuesday. No charges accrue for storage on Monday because storage on
1375	Monday was only five and one-half (5 ¹ / ₂) hours; storage charges do accrue for Tuesday, as
1376	storage on Tuesday was for six and one-half (61/2) hours.)
1377	(d) Gate fees: Except as otherwise provided in the article, the maximum rate chargeable for
1378	late hour gate fees is as follows:
1379	(1) Monday Friday late hour gate fee rate: If an owner or authorized agent seeks to
1380	recover a towed/impounded vehicle/vessel or property within such vehicle/vessel
1381	during the weekdays of Monday through Friday between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and
1382	8:00 a.m., the following late hour gate fee will apply\$35.00
1383	(2) Saturday Sunday late hour gate fee rate: If an owner or authorized agent seeks to
1384	recover a towed/impounded vehicle/vessel or property within such vehicle/vessel
1385	after 6:00 p.m., Friday through 8:00 a.m., Monday, the following late hour gate fee
1386	will apply\$35.00
1387	(3) Lee County government observed holidays: If an owner or authorized agent seeks to
1388	recover a towed/impounded vehicle/vessel or property within such vehicle/vessel
1389	after 12:01 a.m. and before 12:00 midnight on a Lee County government observed
1390	holiday, the following gate fee will apply\$35.00
1391	(4) Additional gate fees: Additional gate fees may be charged if the owner/agent arrives
1392	at the storage facility without the appropriate documentation and payment, as
1393	identified by the storage entity contacted to allow recovery within the time frame late
1394	hour gate fees are applicable, and the owner/agent leaves and returns with the
1395	appropriate documentation and payment during the time in which late hour gate fees
1396	are applicable.
1397	(e) Administrative lien fee: The maximum rate chargeable as an administrative lien fee are as
1398	follows:

1399	An administrative lien fee may be charged only after the vehicle has been in the storage				
1400	facility or immobilized for at least three (3) calendar days and after all other requirements as				
1401	provided in the Lee County Towing and Immobilization Ordinance have been met. The				
1402	maximum rate that may be charged as an administrative lien fee is the sum of seventy-five				
1403	dollars (\$75.00), plus recovery of the costs	and fees imposed by the state of registration for			
1404	obtaining ownership information.				
1405	(f) Underwater recovery fee: An underwater	er recovery fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00)			
1406	plus actual costs may be charged when	n performed by a certified/professional diver if			
1407	supported by written documentation approved by the investigating law enforcement				
1408	officer.				
1409	(g) Hazardous material clean-up and dispe	osal fee: The prevailing rate for cleaning up and			
1410	disposing of hazardous materials when	mandated or required through state or local laws			
1411	will be permitted upon written approval	by the investigating law enforcement officer.			
1412	(h) Immobilization: Maximum rate chargeab	ble for releasing an immobilized vehicle on private			
1413	property:				
1414		mmobilization properly conducted in accordance			
1415	with the Lee County Towing and Immobilization	ation Ordinance and Florida law.			
1416					
1417	Section 2. Effective Date.				
1418					
1419	This ordinance shall become effective	e immediately upon adoption.			
1420					
1421	PASSED on first reading this <u>10th</u> da	y of <u>July</u> , 2019.			
1422					
1423		E VILLAGE COUNCIL of the Village of Estero,			
1424	Florida this <u>2nd</u> day of <u>October</u> , 2019.				
1425					
1426	Attest:	VILLAGE OF ESTERO, FLORIDA			
1427					
1428	_	_			
1429	By:	By:			
1430	Kathy Hall, MMC, Village Clerk	Bill Ribble, Mayor			
1431					
1432	Reviewed for legal sufficiency:				
1433					
1434	D				
1435	By:				
1436	Burt Saunders, Esq., Village Attorney				
1437					
1438					
1439					
1440					
1441					
1442					
	Wanda wadanlin ad an 11:4:	Wanda atmust through any delations			

1443	Vote:	AYE	NAY
1444	Mayor Ribble		
1445	Vice Mayor Errington		
1446	Councilmember Batos		
1447	Councilmember Boesch		
1448	Councilmember Levitan		
1449	Councilmember McLain		
1450	Councilmember Wilson		